



# JUDCon

JBoss Users & Developers Conference

Boston:2010

# Beautiful Java EE...

`#{ with PrettyFaces }`



#judcon #prettyfaces

( At this time, the audience is encouraged to use PDAs, cell phones, and other portable electronic devices... )

Lincoln Baxter, III

([@lincolnthree](#), [@ocpsoft](#))

- Proud graduate of Penn. State University - 2006
- Senior Software Engineer – **JBoss**, by **Red Hat** – Seam Team
- Expert Group Member (jcp.org) of JavaServer Faces and #{EL.next}
- Open-source advocate (addict)
- Founder of <http://ocpsoft.com/>
- Creator of [PrettyFaces](#) & [PrettyTime](#) utilities for Java EE & Java
- <http://seamframework.org>
- <http://jboss.org>

## / PrettyFaces

/ background

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PrettyFaces is...

# URL-rewriting.

wtf?



<http://example.com/faces/store.xhtml>

<http://example.com/store>



```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# URL parameterization.

(p14n)

<http://example.com/store/videos/firefly-dvd>

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store/#{ category }/#{ item }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# Page Actions.

“Just say no to @SessionScoped!”

<http://example.com/store/videos/firefly-dvd>

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store/#{ category }/#{ item }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store.xhtml </view-id>  
  <action> #{ storeBean.loadItem } </action>  
</url-mapping>
```



# Simplified Navigation.

Woot.

return “pretty:store”; → <http://example.com/store>

# Search Engine Optimization.

"It barely fits."

# The future is not set.

.jsf  
.jsp  
.php  
???  
.do  
.cgi  
.asp

There is no fate,  
but what we make for ourselves.



**Non-invasive,**  
minimal configuration.

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# Java EE & JSF.

- Servlet
- JSP
- JSF 1.x
- JSF 2.0
- ...?
- Component-based web framework
- Good separation between M & V of MVC
- Has usability issues, pitfalls
- Navigation a pain...
- No bookmarks? Not entirely true.
- What about Pretty / REST-ful URLs?

Life is good,  
:) with PrettyFaces.

# Clean that URL.

# Build trust by reducing clutter.

Before:

<http://example.com/news.xhtml?p=my-new-post>

After:

<http://example.com/news/my-new-post/>

# Vulnerable!

## wtf?

Real-life: wtf?

[http://www.llbean.com/webapp/wcs/stores/servlet/CategoryDisplay?  
categoryId=28&storeId=1&catalogId=1&langId=-  
1&nav=hp-gndp](http://www.llbean.com/webapp/wcs/stores/servlet/CategoryDisplay?categoryId=28&storeId=1&catalogId=1&langId=-1&nav=hp-gndp)

# Cluttered!

Should have been:

<http://llbean.com/kids>

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/kids" />  
  <view-id> /stores/servlet/CategoryDisplay?categoryId=28 </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```



## A fictitious, malicious example:

[http://acme.com/store?  
xcat=34&langCode=EN\\_US&account=lincolnthree&autoLoginCd=S3fds94Zd03&oneClickPurchase=true&item=veryExpensive&redirectAfter=www.google.com](http://acme.com/store?xcat=34&langCode=EN_US&account=lincolnthree&autoLoginCd=S3fds94Zd03&oneClickPurchase=true&item=veryExpensive&redirectAfter=www.google.com)

# Clean that URL.

Why do you think people are afraid of buying used cars?

Lack of trust.

Every website is a “car dealership.”

Trust Me?

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQw4w9WgXcQ>

Trust Me.

<http://www.linkedin.com/in/lincolnthree>

<http://twitter.com/lincolnthree>

<http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/>

# In summary, clean URLs:

- Build trust
- Are self-promoting, benefit SEO
- Reduce vulnerability

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# The Basics.

## / PrettyFaces

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/ parameterize

/ load

# Rewrite a basic URL.

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

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# Parameterization.

(p14n)

# / roots / the / user

- It's the “request” scope; relevant.
- Where you are, what you're looking at.
- User accessible.

# Comes with guidelines.

- Be consistent, always.
- Be general, progress to specific.
- Think hard about using a query string.

# Examples:

Good :)

<http://example.com/store>

<http://example.com/store/item/12>

<http://example.com/store/item/12/reviews>

<http://example.com/store/item/12/reviews/34>

Bad :(

<http://example.com/store/12/reviews/23/item>



# Parameterizing links:

Poor:

<http://example.com/shop.jsf?catId=23&itemId=Z34FK94SE>

Better use of keywords:

<http://example.com/shop.jsf?cat=books&item=how-to-start-a-web-store>

Perfect:

<http://example.com/shop/books?item=how-to-start-a-web-store>

# How?

# Rewrite a basic URL.

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# Name a path-parameter.

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store/#{ category }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# Inject directly.


```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store/#{ categoryBean.category }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# Both.

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store/#{ category : categoryBean.category }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# Restrict & Validate.

Custom regular expressions.



```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern value = "/store/item/#{ /d+/ number }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

# Restrict & Validate.

**By default:**

"/store/item/#{ number }" → /store/item/([^\s/]+)

**Gain total control with an override:**

"/store/item/#{ /\d+/ number }" → /store/item/(\d+)



# Restrict & Validate.

Wouldn't it be nice if this worked?...

```
@FacesValidator("itemNumberValidator")
public class ItemNumberValidator implements Validator
{
    public void validate(FacesContext context, UIComponent comp, Object value) throws ValidatorException
    {
        // ...
    }
}
```

# Restrict & Validate.

Oh my gosh...

```
<pattern value = "/store/item/#{ \d+ / number }" >
```

```
<validate param="0" validatorIds="itemNumberValidator"  
onError="#{itemBean.handleInvalidItem}" />
```

```
</pattern>
```

Re-use your JSF Validators!



# p14n in summary.

- Be consistent, always.
- Several ways to access the data.
- **Validate everything!**

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# Load your data.

- Always (On construction)
- Lazily (On access)
- **Declaratively** (On event)

# Loading declaratively.

- Enables deterministic behavior.
- JSF 1.x was not good at this.
- JSF 2 helps some...

# Nothing fancy.

```
<url-mapping>  
  <pattern> /store/item/#{itemBean.number} </pattern>  
  <view-id> /faces/store/view.xhtml </view-id>  
  <action> #{ itemBean.loadItem } </action>  
</url-mapping>
```

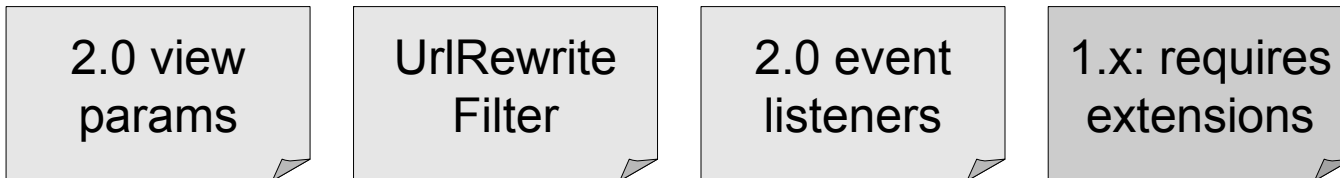
# And we can navigate!

```
private String loadItem()
{
    if( /* item loaded complete */ )
    {
        return null;
    }
    return "store";
}
```



# Alternatives.

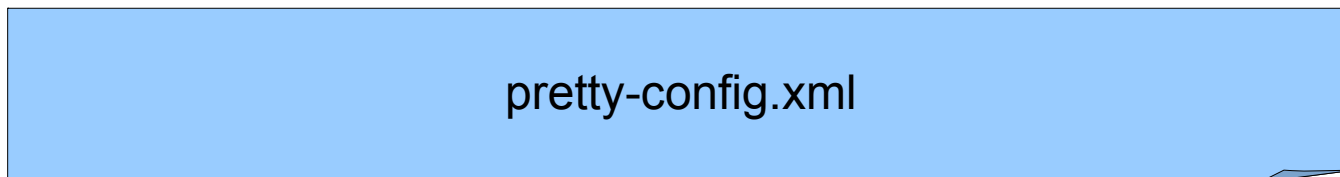
## More Configuration



Lines:      +3                      +8                      +1                      +4

= ~16!

## PrettyFaces



= ~4 :)

# Actions in summary.

- Declarative loading = deterministic behavior.
- Minimal configuration is a blessing!
- Control over navigation.

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# History: the old

school, JSF 1.x.

```
<navigation-rule>
  <from-view-id>*</from-view-id>
  <navigation-case>
    <from-action> * </from-action>
    <from-outcome>viewStore</from-outcome>
    <to-view-id>/faces/store/view.xhtml</to-view-id>
  </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```

```
<h:commandLink action="viewStore" value="Go to store">
  <f:setPropertyActionListener target="#{itemBean.name}"
    value="firefly-dvd" />
</h:commandLink>
```

# The new

JSF 2.0 way.

```
<f:metadata>  
    <f:viewParam name="item" value="#{itemBean.number}" />  
</f:metadata>
```

```
<h:link action="/faces/store/view">  
    <f:param name="item" value="firefly-dvd"/>  
</h:link>
```

The pretty  
way.



```
<f:metadata>  
    <f:viewParam name="item" value="#{itemBean.number}" />  
</f:metadata>
```

```
<h:link action="/faces/store/view">  
    <f:param name="item" value="firefly-dvd"/>  
</h:link>
```

# It just works.

- Write a normal Java EE / JSF 2.0 application.
- Use request-parameter `# {name}` mapping
- PrettyFaces outbound URL-rewriting does the rest.

# That Same Configuration.

```
<url-mapping id="viewStore">  
  <pattern value="/store/item/#{ item }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/project/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

Outbound URL-rewriting!

```
<h:link action="/faces/store/view">  
  <f:param name="item" value="firefly-dvd"/>  
</h:link>
```

Renders: </store/item/firefly-dvd>

# But if you want.

Use the Mapping ID:



```
<url-mapping id="viewStore">  
  <pattern value="/store/item/#{ item }" />  
  <view-id> /faces/project/view.xhtml </view-id>  
</url-mapping>
```

The diagram shows a curved arrow originating from the text "Use the Mapping ID:" and pointing to the `viewStore` ID in the XML snippet above. Another curved arrow originates from the `pretty:viewStore` action in the XML snippet below and points back to the same text, illustrating the mapping.

```
<h:link action="pretty:viewStore">  
  <f:param value="firefly-dvd"/>  
</h:link>
```

Renders: </store/item/firefly-dvd>

# Or simpler, still.

Use pretty:link for  
complete control



```
<p:link mappingId="viewStore">  
  <f:param value="firefly-dvd"/>  
</p:link>
```

Renders: </store/item/firefly-dvd>

# Lets talk actions.


- Actions are entry points for navigation.
- PrettyFaces integrates seamlessly.
- The state of your beans controls parameters.

# Bye-bye, faces-config.xml

```
<url-mapping id="viewItem">  
<pattern value = "/store/item/#{ itemBean.item }" />  
...
```

```
private String createItem()  
{  
    if(dao.createItem(newitem))  
    {  
        itemBean.setItem(newitem.getId());  
        return "pretty:viewItem";  
    }  
    //addError("Something went wrong! Try again.");  
    return "pretty:";  
}
```

PrettyFaces injection is  
also "out-jection."



# In summary.

- PrettyFaces “just works”, non-invasive rewriting.
- You do not need to use pretty-navigation.
- But it's there if you want it ;)



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# PrettyFaces in two minutes.

“A masterpiece.” ~non-fictional user.

# Add PrettyFaces via Maven.

```
<dependency>  
  <groupId>com.ocpsoft</groupId>  
  <artifactId>prettyfaces-jsf2</artifactId>  
  <version>${most-recent-version}</version>  
</dependency>
```

# Map something.

**Create** /WEB-INF/pretty-config.xml

```
<pretty-config xmlns="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4
    http://ocpsoft.com/xml/ns/prettyfaces/ocpsoft-pretty-faces-2.0.4.xsd">

    <!-- Begin Mappings -->
    <url-mapping id="home">
        <pattern value="/" />
        <view-id> /faces/home.xhtml </view-id>
    </url-mapping>

    <url-mapping id="viewItem">
        <pattern value="/store/#{ category }/#{ item }" />
        <view-id>/faces/store/item.xhtml</view-id>
    </url-mapping>

</pretty-config>
```

# Make it work.

## Take **action** ;)

```
<pretty-config xmlns="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4
    http://ocpsoft.com/xml/ns/prettyfaces/ocpsoft-pretty-faces-2.0.4.xsd">

    <!-- Begin Mappings -->
    <url-mapping id="home">
        <pattern value="/home" />
        <view-id> /faces/home.xhtml </view-id>
    </url-mapping>

    <url-mapping id="viewItem">
        <pattern value="/store/#{ category }/#{ item }" />
        <view-id>/faces/store/item.xhtml</view-id>
        <action> #{ itemBean.loadItem } </action>
    </url-mapping>

</pretty-config>
```

# Navigate.

## ../viewComment.jsf

```
<%@ taglib prefix="pretty" uri="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces" %>

<pretty:link mappingId="comment">
    <f:param value="23" />
    <f:param value="5" />
    Go to Comment. (This is Link Text)
</pretty:link>

<h:link outcome="pretty:comment">
    <f:param name="sid" value="#{myBean.storyId}" />
    <f:param name="cid" value="#{myBean.nextCommentId}" />
    View next comment. (This is Link Text)
</h:link>
```

# Custom URL-rewriting.

Icing on the cake!

```
<pretty-config xmlns="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4
http://ocpsoft.com/xml/ns/prettyfaces/ocpsoft-pretty-faces-2.0.4.xsd">

  <!-- Begin RewriteRules -->
  <rewrite trailingSlash="remove" toCase="lowercase" />
  <rewrite match="(?!i)^(.*)?jsessionid=\w+(.*)" substitute="$1$2" redirect="301"/>

</pretty-config>
```

# The Site-map.

If this presentation were a website...



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```
<pretty-config xmlns="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/2.0.4
    http://ocpsoft.com/xml/ns/prettyfaces/ocpsoft-pretty-faces-2.0.4.xsd">

  <url-mapping id="home">
    <pattern> /prettyfaces </pattern>
    <view-id> /faces/home.jsf </view-id>
  </url-mapping>

  <url-mapping id="levelOne">
    <pattern> /prettyfaces/#{presBean.levelOne} </pattern>
    <view-id> /faces/present.jsf </view-id>
  </url-mapping>

  <url-mapping id="levelTwo">
    <pattern> /prettyfaces/#{presBean.levelOne}/#{presBean.levelTwo} </pattern>
    <view-id> /faces/present.jsf </view-id>
  </url-mapping>

</pretty-config>
```

# Seam & the booking example.

# Get started, get involved.

<http://ocpsoft.com/prettyfaces/>

“wtf?”

# Questions.

I've been talking for nearly an hour;  
please, somebody say something.